

Virginia Tech

BACKGROUND

The Hatch Act provides basic capacity funding for State Agricultural Experiment Stations. The act requires that states provide a 100% match from non-federal resources (many states provide a greater match). Hatch Act funding is distributed by USDA's National Institute of Food and Agriculture to eligible institutions under a statutory formula.

Congress has provided small increases in recent years, but this has barely slowed the steady, decades-long erosion of this vital program.

The land-grant system strongly supports Hatch Act funding at \$240 million in FY 2011.

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VALUE OF HATCH ACT FUNDS

In Virginia (FY 2009), each dollar we receive under the Hatch Act is leveraged by \$7.22 in state funding:

Funds Leveraged by Our Pro Rata Share of Hatch Act Appropriation

	FY 2009 ¹	FY 2010 ²	FY 2011 ³
Federal (Hatch)	4,529,537	4,654,386	5,399,088
State	32,695,969	32,151,304	31,214,858
Total	\$37,225,506	\$36,805,690	\$36,613,946

NOTES: (1) FY 2009 funds are actual amounts; (2) FY 2010 is estimated; (3) FY 2011 assumes a \$240 million appropriation (as requested by the Association of Public and Land-grant Universities).

Of the annual Hatch allocation to the VA AES:

- 67% salaries for faculty researchers
- 27% salaries for technical support
- 4% materials and supplies
- 2% graduate students

BENEFITS OF HATCH FUNDS

As shown above, if Congress increases the FY 2011 Hatch Act appropriation to \$240 million, our pro rata share would be \approx \$834,702. We would use such an increase to:

- Development of agricultural systems that maintain high productivity in an environmentally sustainable manner.
- Prevention of chronic diseases such as obesity, heart disease and diabetes through improved nutrition and exercise.
- Providing a safe and secure food supply through reduced microbial contamination and consumer education.
- Plant breeding and genetic engineering for bioenergy and other value-added products.
- Studying Impacts of global change on conservation and management of natural resources
- Develop methods to lessen effects of infectious and vector-borne diseases on plants, animals, and humans

OTHER PROGRAM HIGHLIGHTS

Examples of research conducted by the Virginia Agricultural Experiment Station are:

- Metabolic engineering of organisms for efficient production of biofuels
- Whole farm dairy and beef systems for enhancing environmental quality
- Molecular and genomic approaches to plant breeding
- Control of food-borne pathogens in pre- and post- harvest environments
- Genetic basis for resistance and immunity to avian diseases
- Watershed-based planning and TMDL development for the Chesapeake Bay watershed